

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Compact and head transmitters

SITRANS TH320 (HART, universal)

Overview



- 2-wire head transmitter with and without HART communications interface
- Mounting in the connection head of the temperature sensor
- Universal input for virtually any type of temperature sensor
- Can be configured via PC, HART 7 or optional local operation

Benefits

- Compact design
- Flexible mounting and center hole allow you to select your preferred type of installation
- Galvanic isolation
- Test terminals for ammeter
- Diagnostics LED (green/red)
- Input monitoring
Wire break and short-circuit
- Self-monitoring
- Configuration status stored in EEPROM
- SIL2/3 (with order note C20)
- Expanded diagnostic functions, such as slave pointer, operating hours counter, etc.
- Special characteristic
- Electromagnetic compatibility according to DIN EN 61326 and NE21

Application

SITRANS TH320 transmitters can be used in all sectors. Its compact size means that it can be installed in connection heads of type B or larger. The following sensors/signal sources can be connected over their universal input module:

- Resistance thermometer (2-wire, 3-wire, 4-wire connection)
- Thermocouples
- Linear resistance, potentiometer and DC voltage sources

With HART communications interface:

- The output signal is a load-independent direct current from 4 to 20 mA in accordance with the input characteristic, superimposed by the digital HART signal.

Transmitters of the "intrinsically safe or Zone 2 increased safety" type of protection can be installed in hazardous areas. The device meets the requirements of the EU Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX), the FM and CSA regulations as well as other national approvals.

Function

Without HART communications interface

For the SITRANS TH320 without HART functionality, parameters are assigned with the PC. A special modem and the software tool SIPROM T are available for this purpose.

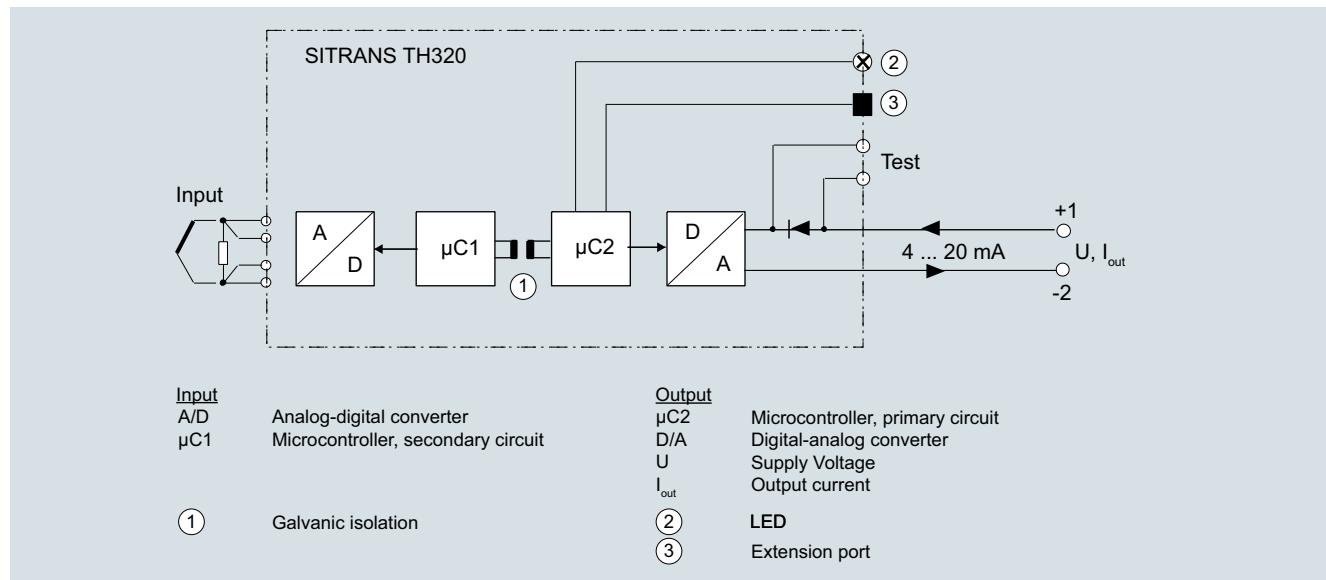
With HART communications interface

- The SITRANS TH320 is configured via HART. The configuration can be carried out using a handheld communicator or, more conveniently, with a HART modem and the SIMATIC PDM configuration software. The configuration data is then permanently stored in the non-volatile memory (EEPROM).

After correct connection of input and supply voltage, the transmitter outputs a temperature-linear output signal and the diag-

nostics LED is green. In case of external errors, e.g. sensor short circuit or interruption, the LED flashes red; an internal error is indicated by a permanent red light.

An ammeter can be connected at any time for checking and plausibility via the test terminals. The output current can be read without any interruption, or even without opening the current loop.



SITRANS TH320 function block diagram

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Technical specifications

General

Supply voltage ^{1) 2)}	
• Without explosion protection (non-Ex)	7.5 ... 48 V DC
• with explosion protection (Ex i)	7.5 ... 30 V DC
Additional minimum supply voltage when using test terminals	0.8 V
Maximum power loss	≤ 850 mW
Minimum load resistance at supply voltage > 37 V	(V _{supply} - 37 V)/23 mA
Insulation voltage, test/operation	
• Without explosion protection (non-Ex)	2.5 kV AC/55 V AC
• with explosion protection (Ex i)	2.5 kV AC/42 V AC
Polarity protection	All inputs and outputs
Write protection	Open circuits or software
Warming-up time	< 5 min
Starting time	< 2.75 s
Programming	HART
Signal-to-noise ratio	> 60 dB
Long-term stability	Better than: • ± 0.05% of measuring span/year • ± 0.18% of measuring span/5 years
Response time	4 ... 20 mA: ≤ 55 ms HART: ≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms)
Programmable damping	0 ... 60 s
Signal dynamic	
• Input	24 bit
• Output	18 bit
Influence of change in supply voltage	< 0.005% of measuring span/V DC

Input

Resistance thermometer (RTD)

Input type	
• Pt10 ... 10000	• IEC 60751 • JIS C 1604-8 • GOST 6651_2009 • Callendar-Van Dusen • DIN 43760-1987 • GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003 • Edison Copper Winding No. 15 • GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003
• Ni10 ... 10000	
• Cu5 ... 1000	
Type of connection	2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire
Line resistance per wire	Max. 50 Ω
Input current	< 0.15 mA
Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	< 0.002 Ω/Ω
Cable, wire-wire capacity	
• Pt1000, Pt10000 (IEC 60751 and JIS C 1604-8)	Max. 30 nF
• All other input types	Max. 50 nF
Fault detection, programmable	None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective
Detection limit for short-circuited input	15 Ω
Fault detection time (RTD)	≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms)
Fault detection time (for 3-wire and 4-wire)	≤ 2 000 ms

Thermocouples (TC)

Input type	
• B	IEC 60584-1
• E	IEC 60584-1
• J	IEC 60584-1
• K	IEC 60584-1
• L	DIN 43710
• Lr	GOST 3044-84
• N	IEC 60584-1
• R	IEC 60584-1
• S	IEC 60584-1
• T	IEC 60584-1
• U	DIN 43710
• W3	ASTM E988-96
• W5	ASTM E988-96
• LR	GOST 3044-84
Cold junction compensation (CJC)	
• Temperature range internal CJC	Constant, internal or external over Pt100 or Ni100 RTD
• Connection external CJC	-50 ... +100 °C (-58 ... +212 °F)
• External CJC, line resistance per wire (for 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	2-wire or 3-wire
• Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	50 Ω
• Input current external CJC	< 0.002 Ω/Ω
• Temperature range external CJC	< 0.15 mA
• Cable, wire-wire capacity	-50 ... +135 °C (-58 ... +275 °F)
• Total line resistance	Max. 50 nF
• Fault detection, programmable	Max. 10 kΩ
Note	None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective
The short-circuited fault detection only applies to the CJC input.	
≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms)	
≤ 2 000 ms	
Fault detection time (TC)	
Fault detection time, external CJC (for 3-wire and 4-wire)	
Linear resistance	
Input range	0 ... 100 kΩ
Minimum measuring span	25 Ω
Type of connection	2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire
Line resistance per wire	Max. 50 Ω
Input current	< 0.15 mA
Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	< 0.002 Ω/Ω
Cable, wire-wire capacity	
• R > 400 Ω	Max. 30 nF
• R ≤ 400 Ω	Max. 50 nF
Fault detection, programmable	None, defective
Potentiometers	
Input range	10 ... 100 kΩ
Minimum measuring span	25 Ω
Type of connection	3-wire or 4-wire
Line resistance per wire	Max. 50 Ω
Input current	< 0.15 mA
Effect of the line resistance (with 4-wire and 5-wire connections)	< 0.002 Ω/Ω
Cable, wire-wire capacity	
• R > 400 Ω	Max. 30 nF
• R ≤ 400 Ω	Max. 50 nF

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		Design	
Fault detection, programmable	None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective	Weight	50 g (0.11 lb)
Note	When the configured potentiometer size is below the constant detection limit for short-circuited inputs, the detection of short circuits is disabled regardless of the configuration of the fault detection.	Maximum core cross-section	1 x 1.5 mm ² (stranded wire)
Detection limit for short-circuited input	15 Ω	Tightening torque for clamping screws	0.4 Nm
Fault detection time, wiper arm (no short-circuit detection)	≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms)	Vibrations	IEC 60068-2-6
Fault detection time, element	≤ 2 000 ms	• 2 ... 25 Hz	± 1.6 mm (0.07 inch)
Fault detection time (for 4-wire and 5-wire)	≤ 2 000 ms	• 25 ... 100 Hz	± 4 g
Voltage input			
Measuring range		Certificates and approvals	
• Unipolar	-100 ... 1700 mV	Explosion protection ATEX/IECEx and others	DEKRA 17ATEX0116 X
• Bipolar	-800 ... +800 mV	Certificates ³⁾	IECEx DEK 17.0054X
Minimum measuring span	2.5 mV		A5E43700604A-2018X
Input resistance	10 MΩ	"Intrinsic safety ia/b" type of protection	For use in Zone 0, 1, 2, 20, 21, 22
Cable, wire-wire capacity		• ATEX	II 1 G Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga
• Input range: -100 ... 1700 mV	Max. 30 nF		II 2(1) G Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb
• Input range: -20 ... 100 mV	Max. 50 nF		II 1 D Ex ia IIIC Da
Fault detection, programmable	None, defective	• IECEEx and others	I M1 Ex ia I Ma
Fault detection time	≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms)		Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga
			Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb
			Ex ia IIIC Da
			Ex ia I Ma
Output and HART communication		"Intrinsic safety ic" type of protection	For use in Zones 2 and 22
Normal range, programmable	3.8 ... 20.5 mA/20.5 ... 3.8 mA	• ATEX	II 2 G Ex ic IIC T6...T4 Gc
Extended range (output limits), programmable	3.5 ... 23 mA/23 ... 3.5 mA	• IECEEx and others	II 2 D Ex ic IIIC Dc
Programmable input/output limits			Ex ic IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
• Fault current	Enable/disable	"Non-sparking/increased safety nA/ec" type of protection	Ex ic IIIC Dc
• Fault current setting	3.5 ... 23 mA	• ATEX	For use in Zones 2 and 22
Update time	10 ms	• IECEEx and others	II 2 G Ex nA IIC T6...T4 Gc
Load (with current output)	≤ (V _{Supply} - 7.5)/0.023 Ω		II 2 G Ex ec IIC T6...T4 Gc
Load stability	< 0.01% of meas. span/100 Ω (measuring span = currently selected range)		Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
	3.5 ... 23 mA		Ex ec IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
Input fault detection, programmable (detection of input short circuits is ignored with TC and voltage inputs)		Explosion protection CSA/FM for Canada and USA	
NAMUR NE43 Upscale	> 21 mA	Certificates	CSA 1861385
NAMUR NE43 Downscale	< 3.6 mA		FM18CA0024
HART protocol versions	HART 7		FM18US0046
Measuring accuracy		"Intrinsic safety ia" type of protection	IS, CL I, Div 1, GP ABCD, T6 ... T4
Input accuracy	See "Input accuracy" table		Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga
Output accuracy	See "Output accuracy" table		AEx ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga or:
Rated conditions			Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6...T4 Gb
Ambient temperature	-50 ... +85 °C (-58 ... +185 °F)		AEx ib [ia Ga] IIC T6...T4 Gb
Ambient temperature for devices with functional safety	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)		NIFW, CL I, Div 2, GP ABCD T6 ... T4
Storage temperature	-50 ... +85 °C (-58 ... +185 °F)	"Non incendive field wiring NIFW" type of protection	NI, CL I, Div 2, GP ABCD T6...T4
Reference temperature for sensor calibration	24 °C ±1.0 °C (75.2 °F ±1.8 °F)	"Non incendive NI" type of protection	Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
Relative humidity	< 99% (no condensation)		AEx nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
Degree of protection			
• Transmitter enclosure	IP68		
• Terminals	IP00		

¹⁾ Note that the minimum supply voltage must correspond to the value measured at the terminals of the SITRANS TH320.
All external voltage drops must be taken into consideration.

²⁾ Protect the device from overvoltage with the help of a suitable power supply or suitable overvoltage protection equipment.

³⁾ Additional available certificates are listed on the Internet at <http://www.siemens.com/processinstrumentation/certificates>

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Measuring ranges/Minimum measuring span

RTD

Input type	Standard	Measuring range in °C (°F)	α_0 in °C ⁻¹ (°F ⁻¹)	Minimum measuring span in °C (°F)
Pt10 ... 10000	IEC 60751	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562)	0.003851 (0.002139)	10 (50)
	JIS C 1604-8	-200 ... +649 (-328 ... +1 200)	0.003916 (0.002176)	10 (50)
	GOST 6651_2009	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562)	0.003910 (0.002172)	10 (50)
	Callendar-Van Dusen	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562)	-	10 (50)
Ni10 ... 10000	DIN 43760-1987	-60 ... +250 (-76 ... +482)	0.006180 (0.003433)	10 (50)
	GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003	-60 ... +180 (-76 ... +356)	0.006170 (0.003428)	10 (50)
Cu5 ... 1000	Edison Copper Winding No. 15	-200 ... +260 (-328 ... +500)	0.004270 (0.002372)	100 (212)
	GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003	-180 ... +200 (-292 ... +392)	0.004280 (0.002378)	100 (212)
	GOST 6651-94	-50 ... +200 (-58 ... +392)	0.004260 (0.002367)	100 (212)

TC

Input type	Standard	Measuring range in °C (°F)	Minimum measuring span in °C (°F)
B	IEC 60584-1	0 (85) ... 1 820 (32 (185) ... 3 308)	100 (212)
E	IEC 60584-1	-200 ... +1 000 (-392 ... +1 832)	50 (122)
J	IEC 60584-1	-100 ... +1 200 (-212 ... +2 192)	50 (122)
K	IEC 60584-1	-180 ... +1 372 (-356 ... +2 502)	50 (122)
L	DIN 43710	-200 ... +900 (-392 ... +1 652)	50 (122)
Lr	GOST 3044-84	-200 ... +800 (-392 ... +1 472)	50 (122)
N	IEC 60584-1	-180 ... +1 300 (-356 ... +2 372)	50 (122)
R	IEC 60584-1	-50 ... +1 760 (-122 ... +3 200)	100 (212)
S	IEC 60584-1	-50 ... +1 760 (-122 ... +3 200)	100 (212)
T	IEC 60584-1	-200 ... +400 (-392 ... +752)	50 (122)
U	DIN 43710	-200 ... +600 (-392 ... +1 112)	50 (122)
W3	ASTM E988-96	0 ... 2 300 (32 ... 4 172)	100 (212)
W5	ASTM E988-96	0 ... 2 300 (32 ... 4 172)	100 (212)
LR	GOST 3044-84	-200 ... +800 (-392 ... +1472)	50 (122)

Input accuracy

Basic values

Input type	Basic accuracy	Temperature coefficient ¹⁾
RTD		
Pt10	≤ ±0.8 °C (1.44 °F)	≤ ±0.020 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Pt20	≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F)	≤ ±0.010 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Pt50	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.004 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Pt100	≤ ±0.04 °C (0.072 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Pt200	≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Pt500	T _{max.} < 180 °C (356 °F) = ≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F) T _{max.} > 180 °C (356 °F) = ≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Pt1000	≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Pt2000	T _{max.} < 300 °C (572 °F) = ≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F) T _{max.} > 300 °C (572 °F) = ≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Pt10000	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Pt x	Largest tolerance of neighboring points	Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points
Ni10	≤ ±1.6 °C (2.88 °F)	≤ ±0.020 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Ni20	≤ ±0.8 °C (1.44 °F)	≤ ±0.010 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Ni50	≤ ±0.32 °C (0.576 °F)	≤ ±0.004 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Ni100	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Ni120	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Ni200	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Ni500	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Ni1000	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)

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Input type	Basic accuracy	Temperature coefficient¹⁾
Ni2000	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288°F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Ni10000	$\leq \pm 0.32^\circ\text{C}$ (0.576°F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Ni x	Largest tolerance of neighboring points	Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points
Cu5	$\leq \pm 1.6^\circ\text{C}$ (2.88°F)	$\leq \pm 0.040^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Cu10	$\leq \pm 0.8^\circ\text{C}$ (1.44°F)	$\leq \pm 0.020^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Cu20	$\leq \pm 0.4^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72°F)	$\leq \pm 0.010^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Cu50	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288°F)	$\leq \pm 0.004^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Cu100	$\leq \pm 0.08^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144°F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Cu200	$\leq \pm 0.08^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144°F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Cu500	$\leq \pm 0.16^\circ\text{C}$ (0.288°F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Cu1000	$\leq \pm 0.08^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144°F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Cu x	Largest tolerance of neighboring points	Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points
Linear resistance		
0 ... 400 Ω	$\leq \pm 40 \text{ m}\Omega$	$\leq \pm 2 \text{ m}\Omega/^\circ\text{C}$ ($1.11 \text{ m}\Omega/^\circ\text{F}$)
0 ... 100 k Ω	$\leq \pm 4 \Omega$	$\leq \pm 0.2 \Omega/^\circ\text{C}$ ($0.11 \Omega/^\circ\text{F}$)
Potentiometers		
0 ... 100%	$< 0.05\%$	$< \pm 0.005\%$
Voltage input		
mV: -20 ... 100 mV	$\leq \pm 5 \mu\text{V}$	$\leq \pm 0.2 \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($0.11 \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{F}$)
mV: -100 ... 1700 mV	$\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ mV}$	$\leq \pm 36 \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($20 \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{F}$)
mV: $\pm 800 \text{ mV}$	$\leq \pm 0.1 \text{ mV}$	$\leq \pm 32 \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($17.8 \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{F}$)
TC		
E	$\leq \pm 0.2^\circ\text{C}$ (0.36°F)	$\leq \pm 0.025^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
J	$\leq \pm 0.25^\circ\text{C}$ (0.45°F)	$\leq \pm 0.025^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
K	$\leq \pm 0.25^\circ\text{C}$ (0.45°F)	$\leq \pm 0.025^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
L	$\leq \pm 0.35^\circ\text{C}$ (0.63°F)	$\leq \pm 0.025^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
N	$\leq \pm 0.4^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72°F)	$\leq \pm 0.025^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
T	$\leq \pm 0.25^\circ\text{C}$ (0.45°F)	$\leq \pm 0.025^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
U	$< 0^\circ\text{C}$ (32°F) $\leq \pm 0.8^\circ\text{C}$ (1.44°F) $\geq 0^\circ\text{C}$ (32°F) $\leq \pm 0.4^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72°F)	$\leq \pm 0.025^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
Lr	$\leq \pm 0.2^\circ\text{C}$ (0.36°F)	$\leq \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
R	$< 200^\circ\text{C}$ (392°F) $\leq \pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$ (0.9°F) $\geq 200^\circ\text{C}$ (392°F) $\leq \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ (1.8°F)	$\leq \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
S	$< 200^\circ\text{C}$ (392°F) $\leq \pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$ (0.9°F) $\geq 200^\circ\text{C}$ (392°F) $\leq \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ (1.8°F)	$\leq \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
W3	$\leq \pm 0.6^\circ\text{C}$ (1.08°F)	$\leq \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
W5	$\leq \pm 0.4^\circ\text{C}$ (0.72°F)	$\leq \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
B ²⁾	$\leq \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ (1.8°F)	$\leq \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
B ³⁾	$\leq \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ (5.4°F)	$\leq \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
B ⁴⁾	$\leq \pm 8^\circ\text{C}$ (14.4°F)	$\leq \pm 0.8^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)
B ⁵⁾	Not specified	Not specified
CJC (internal)	$< \pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$ (0.9°F)	Included in basic accuracy
CJC (external)	$\leq \pm 0.08^\circ\text{C}$ (0.144°F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ ($^\circ\text{F}/^\circ\text{F}$)

¹⁾ Temperature coefficients correspond to the specified values or 0.002% of the input span, depending on which value is greater.

²⁾ Accuracy of the specification range $> 400^\circ\text{C}$ (752°F)

³⁾ Accuracy of the specification range $> 160^\circ\text{C}$ (320°F) $< 400^\circ\text{C}$ (752°F)

⁴⁾ Accuracy of the specification range $> 85^\circ\text{C}$ (185°F) $< 160^\circ\text{C}$ (320°F)

⁵⁾ Accuracy of the specification range $< 85^\circ\text{C}$ (185°F)

Output accuracy

Output type	Basic accuracy	Temperature coefficient
Analog output	$\leq \pm 1.6 \mu\text{A}$ (0.01% of the full output span)	$\leq \pm 0.48 \mu\text{A/K}$ ($\leq \pm 0.003\%$ of the full output span/K)

Temperature measurement

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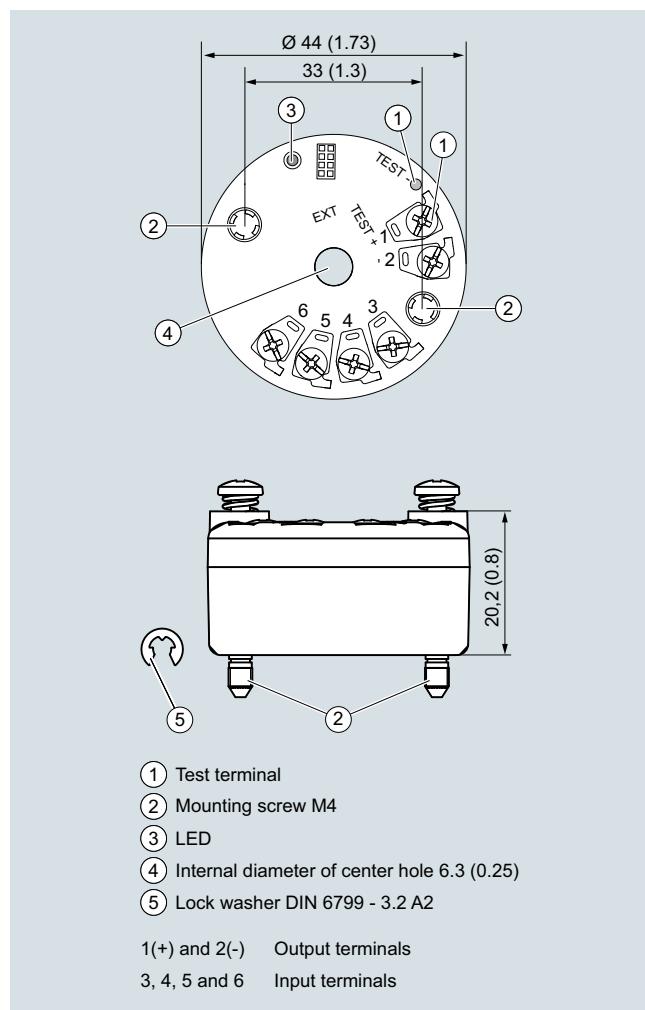
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Selection and ordering data

	Article No.	Options	Order code
SITRANS TH320 head transmitter with 1 input	7NG031 7 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0	Append "-Z" to Article No., add order code and, if applicable, free text.	
↗ Click on the Article No. for the online configuration in the PIA Life Cycle Portal.			
Communication		Manufacturer declarations	
With HART	0	Quality inspection certificate, 5-point factory calibration (IEC 60770-2)	C11
2-wire, 4 ... 20 mA	7		
Primary value output		Certificates for functional safety	
Input 1	0	Functional safety SIL2/3 (IEC 61508)	C20
Input 1, type		Device options	
RTD	B	PDF file with device settings	D10
• Pt100 (IEC), 3-wire	C	Without labeling of the measuring range on the TAG plate	D41
• Pt100 (IEC), 4-wire	D	Jumper plug set on device for write protection	D81
• Pt1000 (IEC), 3-wire	E	Jumper plug set on device for fault current > 21 mA (instead of < 3.6 mA) (only non-SIL)	D82
• Pt1000 (IEC), 4-wire	F		
TC	G		
• Type B	H		
• Type E	J		
• Type J	K		
• Type K	L		
• Type L	N		
• Type N	P		
• Type R	Q		
• Type S	R		
• Type T	Y		
Potentiometer, 4-wire	A	Input 1: TC	
	0	Type C W5	V01
Input 1, type customer-specific	1	Type D W3	V02
Define customer-specific input configurations in V options	3	Type U	V03
	6	Type Lr	V04
Input 2, type	0	Input 1: RTD	
Without input 2	A	Pt x (IEC), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V61
CJC configuration for TC	N	Pt x (IEC), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V62
Without CJC	A	Pt x (JIS C1604-81), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V64
Internal CJC	0	Pt x (JIS C1604-81), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V65
External CJC Pt100 (IEC), 3-wire	A	Pt x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V67
External CJC Ni100 (DIN), 3-wire	N	Pt x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V68
Materials not in contact with media	A	Ni x (DIN 43760-87), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V70
Without	0	Ni x (DIN 43760-87), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V71
Type of protection	A	Ni x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V73
General safety (non-Ex); CE, RCM, FM, KCC, EAC	0	Ni x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V74
Intrinsic safety (Ex i) / Non-incendive field wiring (NIFW) / Increased safety zone 2 (Ex ec) / Non incendive (NI) (ATEX, IECEx, EACEx, CSA, FM, NEPSI, Inmetro)	A	Cu x (ECW-15), 2-wire, define line resistance value in option Y51 and RTD factor x in option Y21	V75
Electrical connection/cable entry	N	Cu x (ECW-15), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V76
Without	A	Cu x (ECW-15), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V77
Local HMI	0	Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 2-wire, define line resistance value in option Y51 and RTD factor x in option Y21	V78
Without display		Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V79
		Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V80
		Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 2-wire, define line resistance value in option Y51 and RTD factor x in option Y21	V81
		Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V82
		Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V83

Options	Order code
Append "-Z" to Article No., add order code and, if applicable, free text.	
Device settings	
Measuring range setting temperature input: Start of scale value (max. 5 characters), full scale value (max. 5 characters), unit (°C, °F, °Ra, K)	Y01
Customer-specific programming in plain text (n-lines)	Y09
Long tag (device parameter, max. 32 characters), adhesive label	Y15
Measuring point description (device parameter, max. 32 characters), adhesive label	Y16
Input 1: RTD factor; e.g. factor "200" = Pt200, adhesive label	Y21

Dimensional drawings

SITRANS TH320, dimensions and pin assignment, dimensions in mm (inch)

Accessories

	Article No.
Additional accessories for assembly, connection and transmitter configuration, see page 2/251.	
Modems	
Modem with USB interface	7MF4997-1DB
Modem with USB interface and SIPROM T software	7NG3092-8KN
SIMATIC PDM parameterization software	See Catalog FI 01 section 8
Mounting rail adapter for head transmitter	7NG3092-8KA
(Quantity delivered: 5 units)	
Connecting cable	7NG3092-8KC
4-wire, 200 mm (7.97 inch), for input connections when using head transmitters in the high hinged cover (set with 5 units)	

Ordering example

7NG0310-0BA00-0AA0-Z Y01

Y01: -10 ... +100 °C

Factory setting

- Pt100 (IEC 60751); 3-wire connection
- Measuring range: 0 ... 100 °C (32 ... 212 °F)
- Fault current
 - Device error: < 3.6 mA
 - Input circuit wire break: 22.8 mA
 - Input circuit short circuit: 22.4 mA
 - Input monitoring wire break and short-circuit
- No trimming of input and output (offset)
- Damping 0.0 s

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Compact and head transmitters

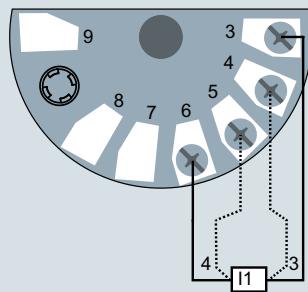
SITRANS TH320 (HART, universal)

Circuit diagrams

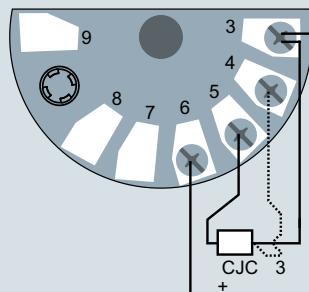
Connections

Input connection

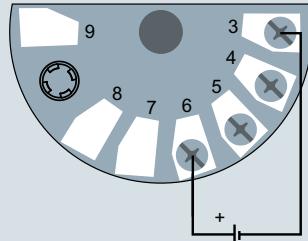
2



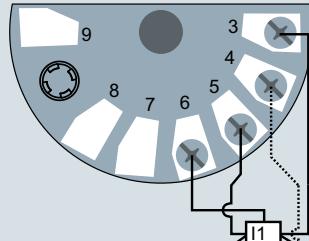
2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire RTD or
linear resistance



TC (internal CJC or
external 2-wire or 3-wire CJC)



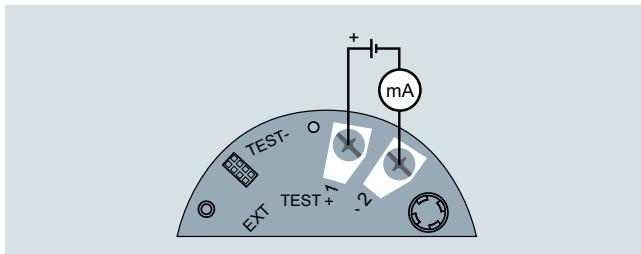
Voltage input
(unipolar or bipolar)



3-wire or 4-wire potentiometer

SITRANS TH320, input connection assignment

Output connection



SITRANS TH320, output connection assignment

Overview

- 2-wire head transmitter with HART communications interface
- Mounting in the connection head of the temperature sensor
- Universal input for virtually any type of temperature sensor
- Connection of two independent input circuits for redundant operation (high input availability)
- Input drift detection
- Configurable via HART 7

Benefits

- Compact design
- Connection of two independent input circuits for redundant operation (high input availability)
- Flexible mounting and center hole allow you to select your preferred type of installation
- Galvanic isolation
- Test terminals for ammeter
- Diagnostics LED (green/red)
- Input monitoring wire break, short circuit and drift
- Self-monitoring
- Configuration status stored in EEPROM
- SIL2/3 (with order note C20)
- Expanded diagnostic functions, such as slave pointer, operating hours counter, etc.
- Special characteristic
- Electromagnetic compatibility according to DIN EN 61326 and NE21

Application

The SITRANS TH420 transmitter with two inputs can be used in all sectors. Its compact size means that it can be installed in connection heads of type B or larger. Due to its universal input module, the following sensors and signal sources can be connected in redundant operation (high input availability):

- 2 resistance thermometers (2-wire, 3-wire, 4-wire connection)
- 2 thermocouples
- 2 linear resistors, potentiometer and DC voltage sources

The output signal is a load-independent direct current from 4 to 20 mA in accordance with the input characteristic, superimposed by the digital HART signal.

The dual input mode also supports drift detection of the inputs, whereby maintenance intervals can be more easily planned.

Transmitters of the "intrinsically safe or Zone 2 increased safety" type of protection can be installed in hazardous areas. The device meets the requirements of the EU Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX), the FM and CSA regulations as well as other national approvals.

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Compact and head transmitters

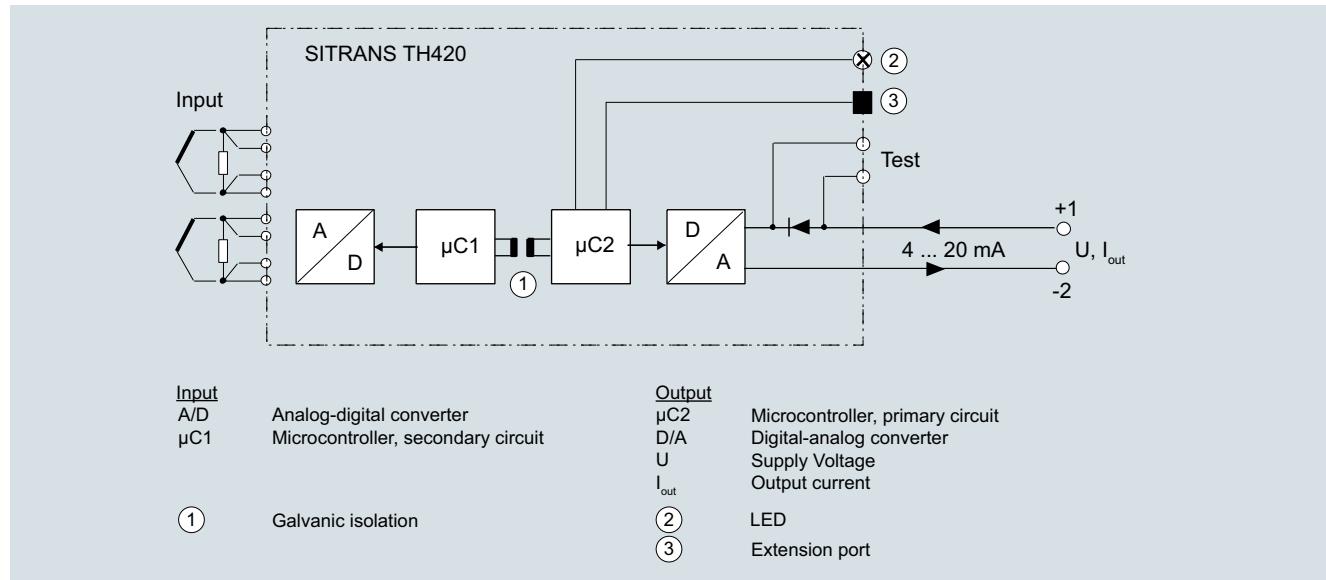
SITRANS TH420 (HART, universal)

Function

The SITRANS TH420 is configured via HART. The configuration can be carried out using a handheld communicator or, more conveniently, with a HART modem and the SIMATIC PDM configuration software. The configuration data are then permanently stored in the non-volatile memory (EEPROM).

After correct connection of input and supply voltage, the transmitter outputs a temperature-linear output signal and the diagnostics LED is green. In case of external errors, e.g. sensor short circuit or interruption, the LED flashes red; an internal error is indicated by a permanent red light.

An ammeter can be connected at any time for checking and plausibility via the test terminals. The output current can be read without any interruption, or even without opening the current loop.



SITRANS TH420, function block diagram

Technical specifications**General**

Supply voltage ^{1) 2)}	7.5 ... 48 V DC
• Without explosion protection (non-Ex)	7.5 ... 30 V DC
• with explosion protection (Ex i)	0.8 V
Additional minimum supply voltage when using test terminals	$\leq 850 \text{ mW}$
Maximum power loss	$(V_{\text{supply}} - 37 \text{ V})/23 \text{ mA}$
Minimum load resistance at supply voltage > 37 V	
Insulation voltage, test/operation	
• Without explosion protection (non-Ex)	2.5 kV AC/55 V AC
• with explosion protection (Ex i)	2.5 kV AC/42 V AC
Polarity protection	All inputs and outputs
Write protection	Open circuits or software
Warming-up time	< 5 min
Starting time	< 2.75 s
Programming	HART
Signal-to-noise ratio	> 60 dB
Long-term stability	Better than: • $\pm 0.05\%$ of measuring span/year • $\pm 0.18\%$ of measuring span/5 years
Response time	$\leq 75 \text{ ms}$ (typically 70 ms)
Programmable damping	0 ... 60 s
Signal dynamic	
• Input	24 bit
• Output	18 bit
Influence of change in supply voltage	< 0.005% of measuring span/V DC

InputResistance thermometer (RTD)

Input type	
• Pt10 ... 10000	• IEC 60751 • JIS C 1604-8 • GOST 6651_2009 • Callendar-Van Dusen • DIN 43760-1987 • GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003 • Edison Copper Winding No. 15 • GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003
• Ni10 ... 10000	
• Cu5 ... 1000	
Type of connection	2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire
Line resistance per wire	Max. 50 Ω
Input current	< 0.15 mA
Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	< 0.002 Ω/Ω
Cable, wire-wire capacity	
• Pt1000, Pt10000 (IEC 60751 and JIS C 1604-8)	Max. 30 nF
• All other input types	Max. 50 nF
Fault detection, programmable	None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective
Detection limit for short-circuited input	15 Ω
Fault detection time (RTD)	$\leq 75 \text{ ms}$ (typically 70 ms)
Fault detection time (for 3-wire and 4-wire)	$\leq 2 \text{ ms}$

Thermocouples (TC)

Input type	
• B	IEC 60584-1
• E	IEC 60584-1
• J	IEC 60584-1
• K	IEC 60584-1
• L	DIN 43710
• Lr	GOST 3044-84
• N	IEC 60584-1
• R	IEC 60584-1
• S	IEC 60584-1
• T	IEC 60584-1
• U	DIN 43710
• W3	ASTM E988-96
• W5	ASTM E988-96
• LR	GOST 3044-84
Cold junction compensation (CJC)	
• Temperature range internal CJC	Constant, internal or external over Pt100 or Ni100 RTD
• Connection external CJC	-50 ... +100 °C (-58 ... +212 °F)
• External CJC, line resistance per wire (for 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire
• Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	50 Ω
• Input current external CJC	< 0.002 Ω/Ω
• Temperature range external CJC	< 0.15 mA
• Cable, wire-wire capacity	-50 ... +135 °C (-58 ... +275 °F)
• Total line resistance	Max. 50 nF
• Fault detection, programmable	Max. 10 k Ω
Note	None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective
The short-circuited fault detection only applies to the CJC input.	
≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms)	
≤ 2 000 ms	
Fault detection time (TC)	
Fault detection time, external CJC (for 3-wire and 4-wire)	
Linear resistance	
Input range	0 ... 100 k Ω
Minimum measuring span	25 Ω
Type of connection	2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire
Line resistance per wire	Max. 50 Ω
Input current	< 0.15 mA
Effect of the line resistance (with 3-wire and 4-wire connections)	< 0.002 Ω/Ω
Cable, wire-wire capacity	
• R > 400 Ω	Max. 30 nF
• R ≤ 400 Ω	Max. 50 nF
Fault detection, programmable	None, defective
Potentiometers	
Input range	10 ... 100 k Ω
Minimum measuring span	25 Ω
Type of connection	3-wire, 4-wire or 5-wire
Line resistance per wire	Max. 50 Ω
Input current	< 0.15 mA
Effect of the line resistance (with 4-wire and 5-wire connections)	< 0.002 Ω/Ω
Cable, wire-wire capacity	
• R > 400 Ω	Max. 30 nF
• R ≤ 400 Ω	Max. 50 nF

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Compact and head transmitters

SITRANS TH420 (HART, universal)

Fault detection, programmable	None, short-circuited, defective, short-circuited or defective	Design	
Note	When the configured potentiometer size is below the constant detection limit for short-circuited inputs, the detection of short circuits is disabled regardless of the configuration of the fault detection.	Weight	50 g (0.11 lb)
Detection limit for short-circuited input	15 Ω	Maximum core cross-section	1 x 1.5 mm ² (stranded wire)
Fault detection time, wiper arm (no short-circuit detection)	≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms)	Tightening torque for clamping screws	0.4 Nm
Fault detection time, element	≤ 2 000 ms	Vibrations	IEC 60068-2-6
Fault detection time (for 4-wire and 5-wire)	≤ 2 000 ms	• 2 ... 25 Hz	± 1.6 mm (0.07 inch)
Voltage input		• 25 ... 100 Hz	± 4 g
Measuring range		Certificates and approvals	
• Unipolar	-100 ... 1700 mV	Explosion protection ATEX/IECEx and others	DEKRA 17ATEX0116 X
• Bipolar	-800 ... +800 mV	Certificates ³⁾	IECEx DEK 17.0054X
Minimum measuring span	2.5 mV		A5E43700604A-2018X
Input resistance	10 MΩ	"Intrinsic safety ia/b" type of protection	For use in Zone 0, 1, 2, 20, 21, 22
Cable, wire-wire capacity		• ATEX	II 1 G Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga
• Input range: -100 ... 1700 mV	Max. 30 nF		II 2(1) G Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb
• Input range: -20 ... 100 mV	Max. 50 nF		II 1 D Ex ia IIIC Da
Fault detection, programmable	None, defective	• IECEEx and others	I M1 Ex ia I Ma
Fault detection time	≤ 75 ms (typically 70 ms)		Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga
Output and HART communication			Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 ... T4 Gb
Normal range, programmable	3.8 ... 20.5 mA/20.5 ... 3.8 mA		Ex ia IIIC Da
Extended range (output limits), programmable	3.5 ... 23 mA/23 ... 3.5 mA		Ex ia I Ma
Programmable input/output limits		"Intrinsic safety ic" type of protection	For use in Zones 2 and 22
• Fault current	Enable/disable	• ATEX	II 2 G Ex ic IIC T6...T4 Gc
• Fault current setting	3.5 ... 23 mA	• IECEEx and others	II 2 D Ex ic IIIC Dc
Update time	10 ms		Ex ic IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
Load (with current output)	≤ (V _{Supply} - 7.5)/0.023 Ω		Ex ic IIIC Dc
Load stability	< 0.01% of meas. span/100 Ω (measuring span = currently selected range)	"Non-sparking/increased safety nA/ec" type of protection	For use in Zones 2 and 22
Input fault detection, programmable (detection of input short circuits is ignored with TC and voltage inputs)	3.5 ... 23 mA	• ATEX	II 2 G Ex nA IIC T6...T4 Gc
NAMUR NE43 Upscale	> 21 mA	• IECEEx and others	II 2 G Ex ec IIC T6...T4 Gc
NAMUR NE43 Downscale	< 3.6 mA		Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
HART protocol versions	HART 7		Ex ec IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
Measuring accuracy		Explosion protection CSA/FM for Canada and USA	
Input accuracy	See "Input accuracy" table	Certificates	CSA 1861385
Output accuracy	See "Output accuracy" table		FM18CA0024
			FM18US0046
Rated conditions		"Intrinsic safety ia" type of protection	IS, CL I, Div 1, GP ABCD, T6 ... T4
Ambient temperature	-50 ... +85 °C (-58 ... +185 °F)		Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga
Ambient temperature for devices with functional safety	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)		AEx ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga or:
Storage temperature	-50 ... +85 °C (-58 ... +185 °F)		Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6...T4 Gb
Reference temperature for sensor calibration	24 °C ± 1.0 °C (75.2 °F ± 1.8 °F)		AEx ib [ia Ga] IIC T6...T4 Gb
Relative humidity	< 99% (no condensation)	"Non incendive field wiring NIFW" type of protection	NIFW, CL I, Div 2, GP ABCD T6 ... T4
Degree of protection		"Non incendive NI" type of protection	NI, CL I, Div 2, GP ABCD T6...T4
• Transmitter enclosure	IP68		Ex nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc
• Terminals	IP00		AEx nA IIC T6 ... T4 Gc

¹⁾ Note that the minimum supply voltage must correspond to the value measured at the terminals of the SITRANS TH420.
All external voltage drops must be taken into consideration.

²⁾ Protect the device from overvoltage with the help of a suitable power supply or suitable overvoltage protection equipment.

³⁾ Additional available certificates are listed on the Internet at <http://www.siemens.com/processinstrumentation/certificates>

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters
Compact and head transmitters

SITRANS TH420 (HART, universal)**Measuring ranges/Minimum measuring span**RTD

Input type	Standard	Measuring range in °C (°F)	α_0 in $^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$ ($^{\circ}\text{F}^{-1}$)	Minimum measuring span in °C (°F)
Pt10 ... 10000	IEC 60751	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562)	0.003851 (0.002139)	10 (50)
	JIS C 1604-8	-200 ... +649 (-328 ... +1 200)	0.003916 (0.002176)	10 (50)
	GOST 6651_2009	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562)	0.003910 (0.002172)	10 (50)
	Callendar-Van Dusen	-200 ... +850 (-328 ... +1 562)	-	10 (50)
Ni10 ... 10000	DIN 43760-1987	-60 ... +250 (-76 ... +482)	0.006180 (0.003433)	10 (50)
	GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003	-60 ... +180 (-76 ... +356)	0.006170 (0.003428)	10 (50)
Cu5 ... 1000	Edison Copper Winding No. 15	-200 ... +260 (-328 ... +500)	0.004270 (0.002372)	100 (212)
	GOST 6651-2009/OIML R84:2003	-180 ... +200 (-292 ... +392)	0.004280 (0.002378)	100 (212)
	GOST 6651-94	-50 ... +200 (-58 ... +392)	0.004260 (0.002367)	100 (212)

TC

Input type	Standard	Measuring range in °C (°F)	Minimum measuring span in °C (°F)
B	IEC 60584-1	0 (85) ... 1 820 (32 (185) ... 3 308)	100 (212)
E	IEC 60584-1	-200 ... +1 000 (-392 ... +1 832)	50 (122)
J	IEC 60584-1	-100 ... +1 200 (-212 ... +2 192)	50 (122)
K	IEC 60584-1	-180 ... +1 372 (-356 ... +2 502)	50 (122)
L	DIN 43710	-200 ... +900 (-392 ... +1 652)	50 (122)
Lr	GOST 3044-84	-200 ... +800 (-392 ... +1 472)	50 (122)
N	IEC 60584-1	-180 ... +1 300 (-356 ... +2 372)	50 (122)
R	IEC 60584-1	-50 ... +1 760 (-122 ... +3 200)	100 (212)
S	IEC 60584-1	-50 ... +1 760 (-122 ... +3 200)	100 (212)
T	IEC 60584-1	-200 ... +400 (-392 ... +752)	50 (122)
U	DIN 43710	-200 ... +600 (-392 ... +1 112)	50 (122)
W3	ASTM E988-96	0 ... 2 300 (32 ... 4 172)	100 (212)
W5	ASTM E988-96	0 ... 2 300 (32 ... 4 172)	100 (212)
LR	GOST 3044-84	-200 ... +800 (-392 ... +1472)	50 (122)

Input accuracyBasic values

Input type	Basic accuracy	Temperature coefficient¹⁾
RTD		
Pt10	$\leq \pm 0.8^{\circ}\text{C}$ (1.44 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.020^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt20	$\leq \pm 0.4^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.72 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.010^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt50	$\leq \pm 0.16^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.004^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt100	$\leq \pm 0.04^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.072 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt200	$\leq \pm 0.08^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.144 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt500	$T_{\max.} < 180^{\circ}\text{C}$ (356 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.08^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) $T_{\max.} > 180^{\circ}\text{C}$ (356 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.16^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt1000	$\leq \pm 0.08^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.144 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt2000	$T_{\max.} < 300^{\circ}\text{C}$ (572 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.08^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.144 °F) $T_{\max.} > 300^{\circ}\text{C}$ (572 °F) = $\leq \pm 0.4^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.72 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt10000	$\leq \pm 0.16^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Pt x	Largest tolerance of neighboring points	Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points
Ni10	$\leq \pm 1.6^{\circ}\text{C}$ (2.88 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.020^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni20	$\leq \pm 0.8^{\circ}\text{C}$ (1.44 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.010^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni50	$\leq \pm 0.32^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.576 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.004^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni100	$\leq \pm 0.16^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni120	$\leq \pm 0.16^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni200	$\leq \pm 0.16^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni500	$\leq \pm 0.16^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)
Ni1000	$\leq \pm 0.16^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.288 °F)	$\leq \pm 0.002^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (°F/°F)

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Compact and head transmitters

SITRANS TH420 (HART, universal)

Input type	Basic accuracy	Temperature coefficient ¹⁾
Ni2000	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Ni10000	≤ ±0.32 °C (0.576 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Ni x	Largest tolerance of neighboring points	Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points
Cu5	≤ ±1.6 °C (2.88 °F)	≤ ±0.040 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu10	≤ ±0.8 °C (1.44 °F)	≤ ±0.020 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu20	≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F)	≤ ±0.010 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu50	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.004 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu100	≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu200	≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu500	≤ ±0.16 °C (0.288 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu1000	≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Cu x	Largest tolerance of neighboring points	Largest temperature coefficient of neighboring points
Linear resistance		
0 ... 400 Ω	≤ ±40 mΩ	≤ ±2 mΩ/°C (1.11 mΩ/°F)
0 ... 100 kΩ	≤ ±4 Ω	≤ ±0.2 Ω/°C (0.11 Ω/°F)
Potentiometers		
0 ... 100%	< 0.05%	< ± 0.005%
Voltage input		
mV: -20 ... 100 mV	≤ ±5 µV	≤ ±0.2 µV/°C (0.11 µV/°F)
mV: -100 ... 1700 mV	≤ ±0.1 mV	≤ ±36 µV/°C (20 µV/°F)
mV: ± 800 mV	≤ ±0.1 mV	≤ ±32 µV/°C (17.8 µV/°F)
TC		
E	≤ ±0.2 °C (0.36 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
J	≤ ±0.25 °C (0.45 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
K	≤ ±0.25 °C (0.45 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
L	≤ ±0.35 °C (0.63 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
N	≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
T	≤ ±0.25 °C (0.45 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
U	< 0 °C (32 °F) ≤ ±0.8 °C (1.44 °F) ≥ 0 °C (32 °F) ≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F)	≤ ±0.025 °C/°C (°F/°F)
Lr	≤ ±0.2 °C (0.36 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
R	< 200 °C (392 °F) ≤ ±0.5 °C (0.9 °F) ≥ 200 °C (392 °F) ≤ ±1 °C (1.8 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
S	< 200 °C (392 °F) ≤ ±0.5 °C (0.9 °F) ≥ 200 °C (392 °F) ≤ ±1 °C (1.8 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
W3	≤ ±0.6 °C (1.08 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
W5	≤ ±0.4 °C (0.72 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
B ²⁾	≤ ±1 °C (1.8 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
B ³⁾	≤ ±3 °C (5.4 °F)	≤ ±0.1 °C/°C (°F/°F)
B ⁴⁾	≤ ±8 °C (14.4 °F)	≤ ±0.8 °C/°C (°F/°F)
B ⁵⁾	Not specified	Not specified
CJC (internal)	< ±0.5 °C (0.9 °F)	Included in basic accuracy
CJC (external)	≤ ±0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	≤ ±0.002 °C/°C (°F/°F)

¹⁾ Temperature coefficients correspond to the specified values or 0.002% of the input span, depending on which value is greater.

²⁾ Accuracy of the specification range > 400 °C (752 °F)

³⁾ Accuracy of the specification range > 160 °C (320 °F) < 400 °C (752 °F)

⁴⁾ Accuracy of the specification range > 85 °C (185 °F) < 160 °C (320 °F)

⁵⁾ Accuracy of the specification range < 85 °C (185 °F)

Output accuracy

Output type	Basic accuracy	Temperature coefficient
Average value measurement	Average of accuracy of input 1 and input 2	Average of temperature coefficient of input 1 and input 2
Differential measurement	Sum of accuracy of input 1 and input 2	Sum of temperature coefficient of input 1 and input 2
Analog output	≤ ±1.6 µA (0.01% of the full output span)	≤ ±0.48 µA/K (≤ ±0.003% of the full output span/K)

Selection and ordering data

	Article No.	Order code		Article No.	Order code
SITRANS TH420 Head transmitter with 2 inputs	7NG041			SITRANS TH420 Head transmitter with 2 inputs	7NG041
↗ Click on the Article No. for the online configuration in the PIA Life Cycle Portal.					
Communication				Input 2, type	
With HART	0			Without input 2	A
Primary value output				RTD	
Input 1	0			• Pt100 (IEC), 3-wire	B
Input 1, input 2 as redundancy	1			• Pt100 (IEC), 4-wire	C
Input 2, input 1 as redundancy	2			• Pt1000 (IEC), 3-wire	D
Average input 1 and input 2, both as redundancy	3			• Pt1000 (IEC), 4-wire	E
Minimum input 1 and input 2, both as redundancy	4			TC	
Maximum input 1 and input 2, both as redundancy	5			• Type B	F
Difference input 1 - input 2	6			• Type E	G
Difference input 2 - input 1	7			• Type J	H
Absolute difference	8			• Type K	J
Primary value output, customer-specific				• Type L	K
Minimum input 1 and input 2, without redundancy	9	H1A		• Type N	L
Maximum input 1 and input 2, without redundancy	9	H1B		• Type R	N
Average input 1 and input 2, without redundancy	9	H1C		• Type S	P
Input 2	9	H1D		• Type T	Q
Input 1, type				Potentiometer, 4-wire	R
RTD					
• Pt100 (IEC), 3-wire	B				
• Pt100 (IEC), 4-wire	C				
• Pt1000 (IEC), 3-wire	D				
• Pt1000 (IEC), 4-wire	E				
TC				Input 2, type customer-specific	
• Type B	F			Define customer-specific input configurations in W options	Y
• Type E	G			CJC configuration for TC	
• Type J	H			Input 1: no CJC; input 2: No CJC	0
• Type K	J			Input 1: internal CJC; input 2: internal CJC	1
• Type L	K			Input 1: external CJC; input 2: external CJC; define type in option Jxx	2
• Type N	L			Input 1: external CJC; define type in option Jxx; input 2: internal CJC	3
• Type R	N			Input 1: internal CJC; input 2: external CJC; define type in option Jxx	4
• Type S	P			Input 1: Internal CJC; Input 2: No CJC	5
• Type T	Q			Input 1: External CJC (define type in option Jxx); input 2: No CJC	6
Potentiometer, 4-wire	R			Materials not in contact with media	
Input 1, type customer-specific				Without	0
Define customer-specific input configurations in V options	Y			Type of protection	
				General safety (non-Ex); CE, RCM, FM, KCC, EAC	A
				Intrinsic safety (Ex i) / Non-incendive field wiring (NIFW) / Increased safety zone 2 (Ex ec) / Non incendive (NI) (ATEX, IECEx, EACEx, CSA, FM, NEPSI, Inmetro)	N
				Electrical connection/cable entry	
				Without	A
				Local HMI	
				Without display	0

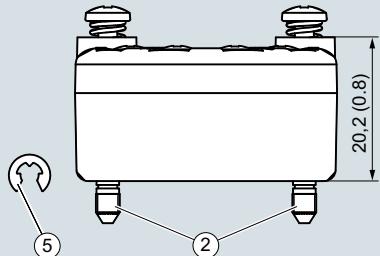
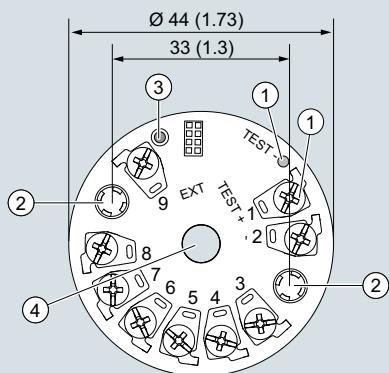
Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Compact and head transmitters

SITRANS TH420 (HART, universal)

Options	Order code	Options	Order code
Append "-Z" to Article No., add order code and, if applicable, free text.		Append "-Z" to Article No., add order code and, if applicable, free text.	
Manufacturer declarations		Device settings	
Quality inspection certificate, 5-point factory calibration (IEC 60770-2)	C11	Measuring range setting temperature input: Start of scale value (max. 5 characters), full scale value (max. 5 characters), unit ($^{\circ}$ C, $^{\circ}$ F, $^{\circ}$ Ra, K)	Y01
Certificates for functional safety		Customer-specific programming in plain text (n-lines)	Y09
Functional safety SIL2/3 (IEC 61508)	C20	Input 1: RTD factor; e.g. factor "200" = Pt200, adhesive label	Y21
Device options		Long tag (device parameter, max. 32 characters), adhesive label	Y15
PDF file with device settings	D10	Measuring point description (device parameter, max. 32 characters), adhesive label	Y16
Without labeling of the measuring range on the TAG plate	D41	Input 1: RTD factor; e.g. factor "200" = Pt200, adhesive label	Y21
Jumper plug set on device for write protection	D81		
Jumper plug set on device for fault current > 21 mA (instead of < 3.6 mA) (only non-SIL)	D82		
External CJC types		Accessories	
Pt100, IEC 60751, 3-wire	J02	Article No.	
Pt100, IEC 60751, 4-wire	J03	Additional accessories for assembly, connection and transmitter configuration, see page 2/251.	
Ni100, DIN 43760-87, 3-wire	J05	Modems	
Ni100, DIN 43760-87, 4-wire	J06	Modem with USB interface	7MF4997-1DB
Input 1: TC		SIMATIC PDM parameterization software	See Catalog FI 01 section 8
Type C W5	V01	Mounting rail adapter for head transmitter	7NG3092-8KA
Type D W3	V02	(Quantity delivered: 5 units)	
Type U	V03	Connecting cable	7NG3092-8KC
Type Lr	V04	4-wire, 200 mm (7.87 inch), for input connections when using head transmitters in the high hinged cover (set with 5 units)	
Input 1: Potentiometers	V31		
Potentiometer, 5-wire		Ordering example	
Input 1: RTD		7NG0410-0BA00-0AA0-Z Y01	
Pt x (IEC), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V61	Y01: -10 ... +100 $^{\circ}$ C	
Pt x (IEC), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V62		
Pt x (JIS C1604-81), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V64		
Pt x (JIS C1604-81), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V65		
Pt x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V67		
Pt x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V68		
Ni x (DIN 43760-87), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V70		
Ni x (DIN 43760-87), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V71		
Ni x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V73		
Ni x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V74		
Cu x (ECW-15), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V76		
Cu x (ECW-15), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V77		
Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V79		
Cu x (GOST 6651-94), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V80		
Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 3-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V82		
Cu x (GOST 6651-2009), 4-wire, define RTD factor x in option Y21	V83		
Input 2: TC		Factory setting	
Type C W5	W01	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input 1: Pt100 (IEC 751); 3-wire connection • Input 2: not configured (inactive) • Measuring range: 0 ... 100 $^{\circ}$C (32 ... 212 $^{\circ}$F) • Fault current <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Device error: < 3.6 mA - Input circuit wire break: 22.8 mA - Input circuit short circuit: 22.4 mA - Input circuit drift: 22 mA (active when input 2 is active) - Input monitoring wire break and short-circuit • No trimming of input and output (offset) • Damping 0.0 s 	
Type D W3	W02		
Type U	W03		
Type Lr	W04		

Dimensional drawings

- ① Test terminal
- ② Mounting screw M4
- ③ LED
- ④ Internal diameter of center hole 6.3 (0.25)
- ⑤ Lock washer DIN 6799 - 3.2 A2

1(+) and 2(-) Output terminals

3, 4, 5, 6, 7, Input terminals
8 and 9

SITRANS TH420, dimensions and pin assignment, dimensions in mm
(inch)

Temperature measurement

Temperature transmitters

Compact and head transmitters

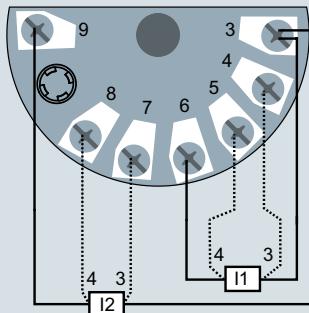
SITRANS TH420 (HART, universal)

Circuit diagrams

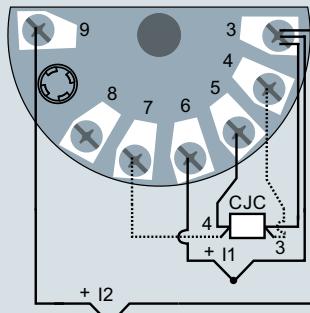
Connections

Input connection

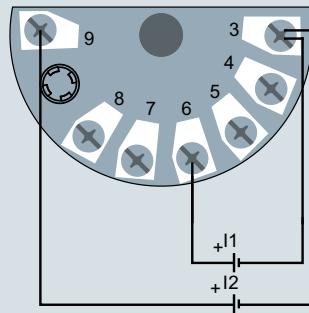
2



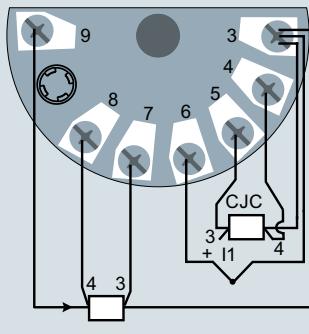
Input 1 and/or input 2:
2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire RTD or
linear resistance



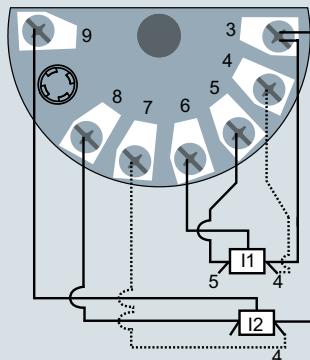
Input 1 and/or input 2:
TC (internal CJC or
external 2-wire, 3-wire or
4-wire CJC)



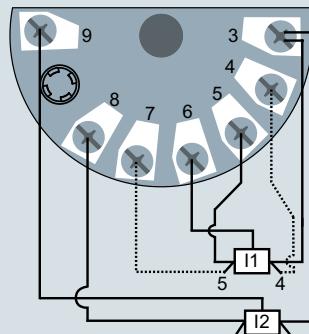
Input 1 and/or input 2:
Voltage input
(unipolar or bipolar)



Input 1: TC (internal CJC or
external 2-wire or 3-wire CJC)
Input 2: 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire RTD



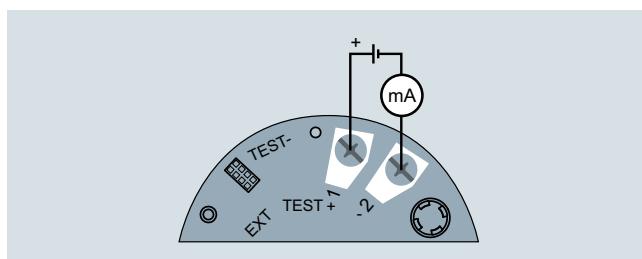
Input 1 and/or Input 2:
3-wire or 4-wire potentiometer



Input 1: 5-wire potentiometer
Input 2: 3-wire potentiometer

SITRANS TH420, input connection assignment

Output connection



SITRANS TH420, output connection assignment